MATH 21, FALL, 2008, EXAM # 1

(1) Find the indicated limits: Show the steps involved. (5 points/part)

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -4} \frac{x^2 + 5x + 4}{x^2 + 3x - 4}$$

(b) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 1} - x$
(c) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2y^2 - 5y - 3}{x^2 + 2x - 1}$

(c)
$$\lim_{y \to \infty} \frac{5}{5y^2 + 4y}$$

- (2) Show that there is a solution of the equation $\cos(x) = x$ in the interval $[0, \pi/2]$. You can presume that the function $\cos(x)$ is continuous. Explicitly note which theorems you are using. (10 points)
- (3) Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = x^4$ at the point (2,16).
- (4) Derivatives by the definition:
 - (a) Write down the definition of the derivative f'(x) of a function f(x) at x. (5 points)
 - (b) Show, using the *definition* of the derivative as a limit, that $(5x^2 + 3x 2)' = 10x + 3$. (10 points)
- (5) Find the following derivatives, using the rules we have discussed in class. (5 points/part)

(a)
$$(4x^3 - x^2 + 1)''$$

(b) $\left(\frac{2x+3}{5x-1}\right)' =$
(c) $(e^x (x^3 + 4x))' =$

(6) Let

$$f(x) := \begin{cases} x^2, & \text{if } x \le 2\\ mx + b, & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Find the values of m and b for which the function f will be differentiable everywhere. (10 points)

(7) Show that

$$\lim_{x \to 3} \left(x^2 + x - 4 \right) = 8$$

by using an $\epsilon - \delta$ argument. (10 points)

- (8) A ball is tossed up in the air so that its height above the ground t seconds after being tossed is $s(t) = -16t^2 + 32t + 5$ feet. (15 points)
 - (a) How fast was the ball moving at the instant when it was tossed?
 - (b) How high was the ball above the ground one second after it was tossed?
 - (c) What was its instantaneous velocity at t = 1?