

Drugs, The Brain, and Behavior

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What is a drug?

Difficult to define

Know it when you see it

Neuroactive vs Non-Neuroactive drugs

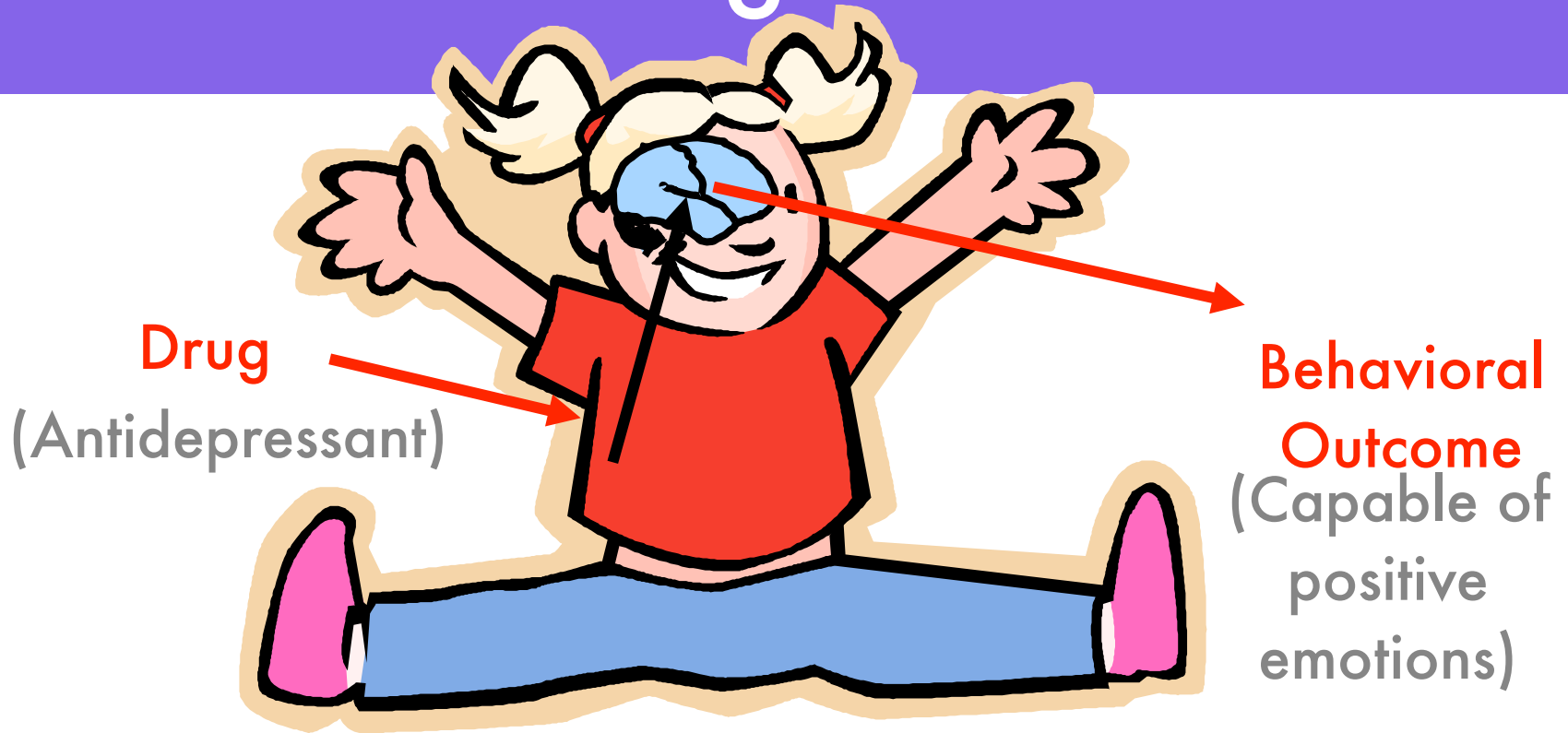
Two major categories of neuroactive drugs:

Therapeutic Drugs

Recreational Drugs (Drugs of Abuse)

Both types of neuroactive drugs affect neural functioning and behavior

How does a drug affect behavior



Different Levels at which drug effects in the brain can be studied



“Good” Therapeutic Drugs vs “Bad” Addictive drugs

No clear boundary!

All “good” drugs have undesirable side effects

Many “good” drugs can be addictive (i.e. “bad”) under the right circumstances (i.e. Rush Limbaugh and oxycontin)

How does Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) decide whether a drug is a “good” therapeutic drug or a “bad” illegal drug.

A “bad” drug in the US can be a good drug in other countries

Neuroactive Drugs Work by Altering Chemical Signaling in the Brain

Two Classes of Chemical Signals in the brain

Neurotransmitters

Neurohormones

Two Ways a Drug Affects Neural Signaling

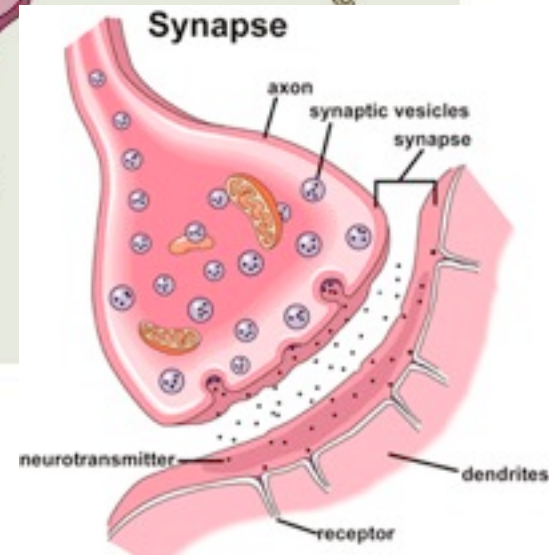
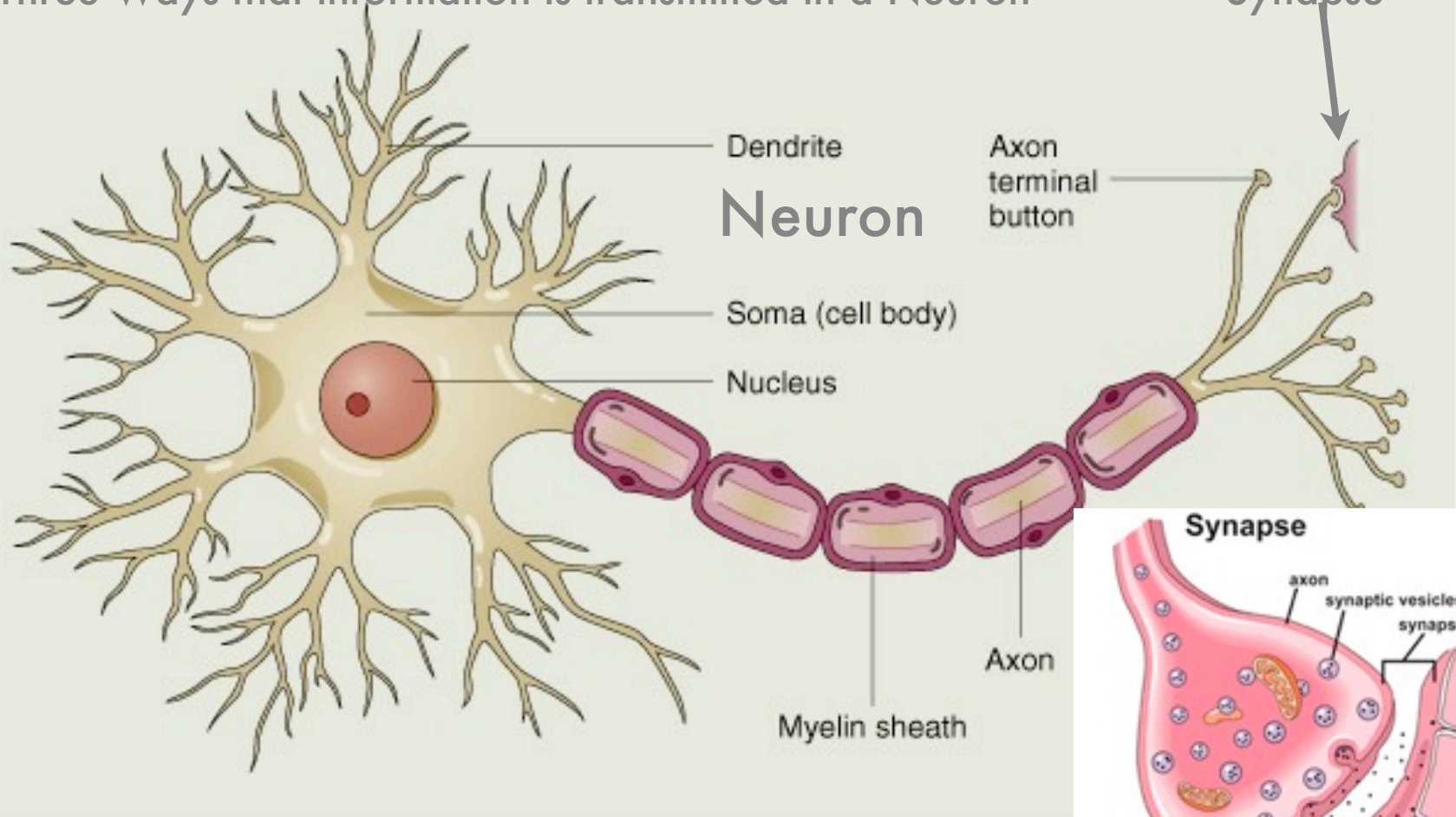
Agonist for chemical signal

Antagonist for chemical Signal

In order to understand drug action must have a good understanding of chemical signaling in brain

Neuronal communication

Three Ways that information is transmitted in a Neuron



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Most neuroactive drugs act by altering synaptic transmission

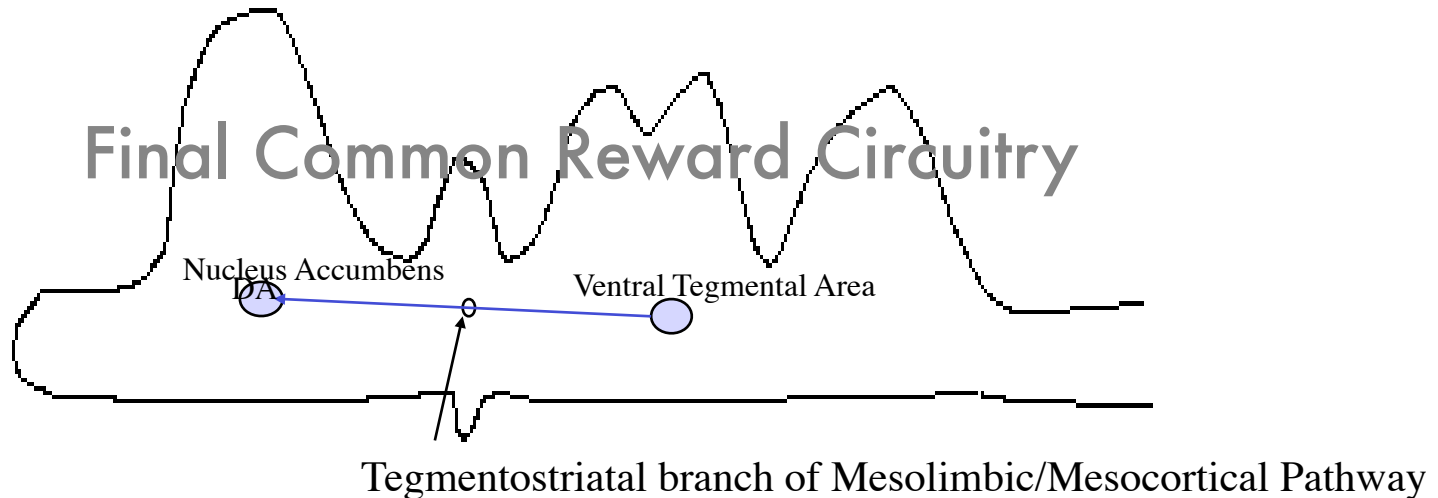
Why are Some Neuroactive Drugs Addictive?

Older Model of Addiction

Tolerance and Withdrawal

Problem With Older Model

Newer Model of Addiction



Effects of Different Drugs of Abuse

Type of Drug	Major Synaptic Effects
Amphetamine, Methamphetamine	Promote DA release Inhibit Dopamine and NE Reuptake
Cocaine	Reverses Dopamine Reuptake Transporter
Heroin, Morphine, Codeine	Activate endogenous opiate receptors
Alcohol, Benzodiazepines & Barbiturates	GABA _A agonist (allosteric modulators)
Caffeine	Blocks adenosine receptors
Nicotine	Activates Acetylcholine nicotinic receptors
Marijuana (THC)	Activates endogenous cannabinoid receptors

All Drugs of Abuse cause dopamine release in the nucleus accumbens!! (either directly or indirectly)

Some diseases that are malfunctions in neurosecretion in the brain

Diseases are mainly diseases of modulatory neurotransmitters, defects in Glutamic Acid or GABA often fatal

Disorder	Neurotransmitter Malfunction	Problem	Drug Treatment
Schizophrenia	Dopamine	Receptor Hypersensitivity	Dopamine antagonists
ADHD or ADD	Dopamine	Receptor insensitivity	Dopamine agonists
Parkinson's Disease	Dopamine	Neuron Degeneration	Dopamine agonists
Depression	Serotonin/ Norepinephrine	Receptor insensitivity	Serotonin/ Norepinephrine agonists
Obsessive/ Compulsive Disorder	Serotonin	Receptor insensitivity	Serotonin agonists
Manic/Depressive Disorder	Serotonin?	Receptor hypersensitivity?	Lithium
Alzheimer's Disease	Acetylcholine	Neuron Degeneration	Acetylcholine agonists

Learning more about Drug Effects in the Brain at Lehigh

Must first learn how Brain works

Bios 120: Biology Core III: Integrative and Comparative

Bios 276: Central Nervous System and Behavior

Bios 390: Neuropharmacology

Most students taking these courses major in BNS, Biology, Molecular Biology, or Biochemistry



Any Questions?